

# 8 Year Radiance trends from AIRS and Comparison to ERA-Interim Reanalysis

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CLARREO STM  
Oct. 2011

# Overview

## NASA HQ: How Achieve CLARREO Objectives?

- Use existing sensors: AIRS, IASI, CrIS??
- Start with AIRS: 9 years now, maybe 15 years total?
- Use AIRS to test data analysis methodologies

## AIRS Analysis

- How stable is AIRS?
- Examine AIRS trends: (a) Clear scenes, (b) Cloudy scenes
- Compare to ERA-Interim Reanalysis

## Approach

- Use radiances directly to preserve accuracy
- Convert to geophysical units as “late as possible”
- Examine the competition: Reanalyses

# Long Term

AIRS will not last long enough for CLARREO objectives

## Diurnal Cycle

- AIRS only samples diurnal cycle twice per day
- Can IASI provide two more samples? (3 identical instruments planned)
- Producing a homogenous radiance record (AIRS + IASI):  
Difficult, but maybe not hopeless?

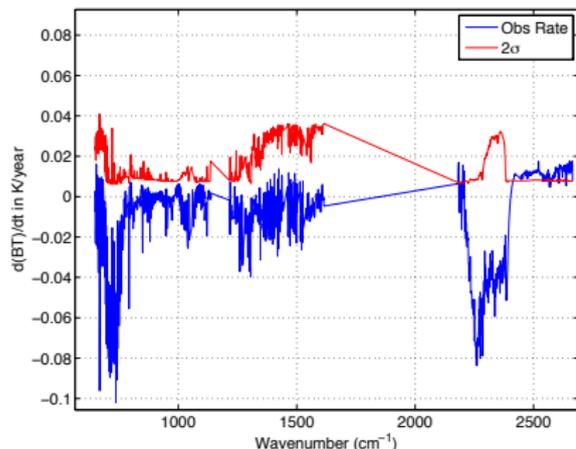
## AIRS → CrIS

- Expect AIRS + CrIS to overlap in time, space
- Can their radiance records be “patched” together? Will have *many* SNO’s. *NO* SNO’s for IASI-1 vs IASI-2!
- Will CrIS be stable enough? Will NOAA get to build CrIS2, CrIS3?
- Can AIRS and CrIS be combined into a homogeneous record?

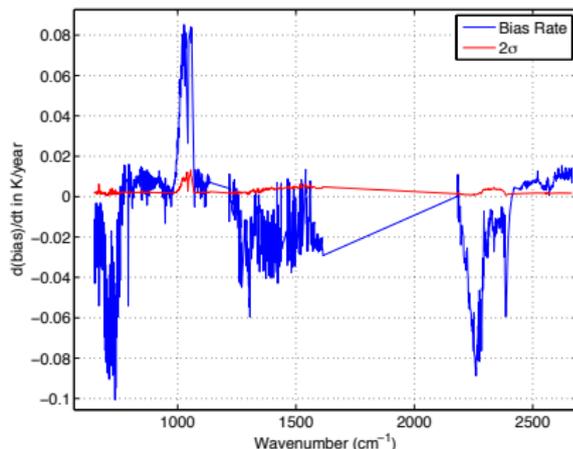
# AIRS Stability

## A. Compare to ERA-Interim Reanalysis (and SST)

### Clear Scene BT Rates



### Clear Scene Bias Rates

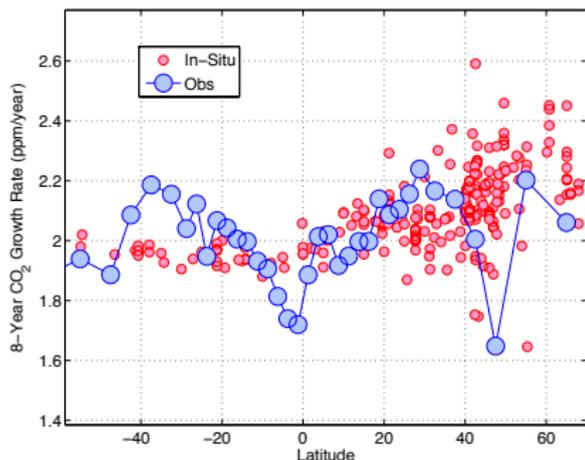


These are tropical ocean scenes. Uncertainty dominated by atmospheric variability ( $H_2O$ , QBO in stratosphere).

Bias rate uncertainty far lower, ERA-Interim removes atmospheric variability. If believe ERA (SST) AIRS stable to 3-7 mK/year.

# AIRS Stability

## B. CO<sub>2</sub> Growth Rate Comparisons



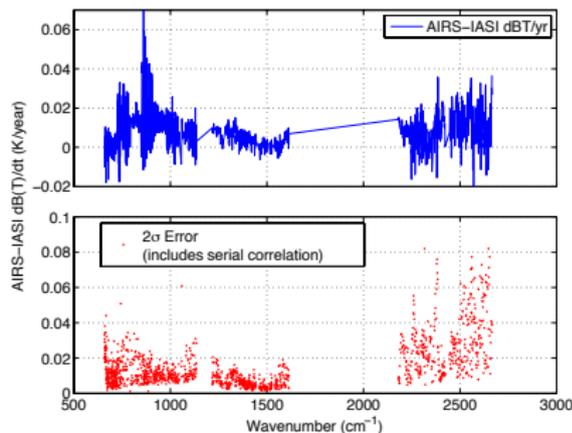
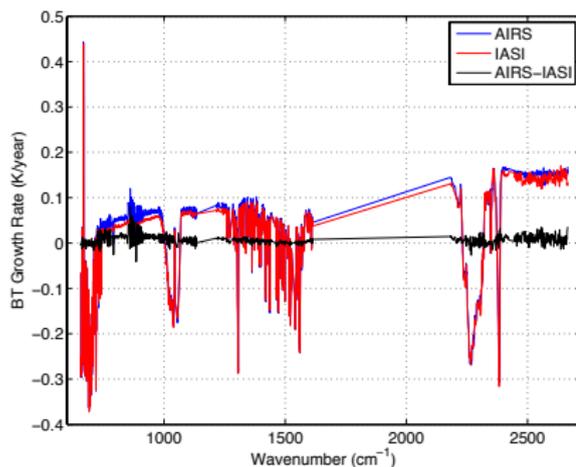
### OEM Fit of Radiance Rate

- OEM fit: CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>O, CH<sub>4</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O profile, T profile
- Regularization: L1 derivative smoothing for H<sub>2</sub>O, T profiles.
- AIRS frequency calibrated and adjusted.

- Agreement very good, much less than  $\sim 0.01\text{K/year}$ .
- No a priori information.
- Kernel function for CO<sub>2</sub> suggests H<sub>2</sub>O is helping get the right CO<sub>2</sub> rates.
- If fit ERA-Interim biases for CO<sub>2</sub> you get the **wrong** answer, about 1.7 ppm/year.

# AIRS Stability

## C. Relative to IASI.



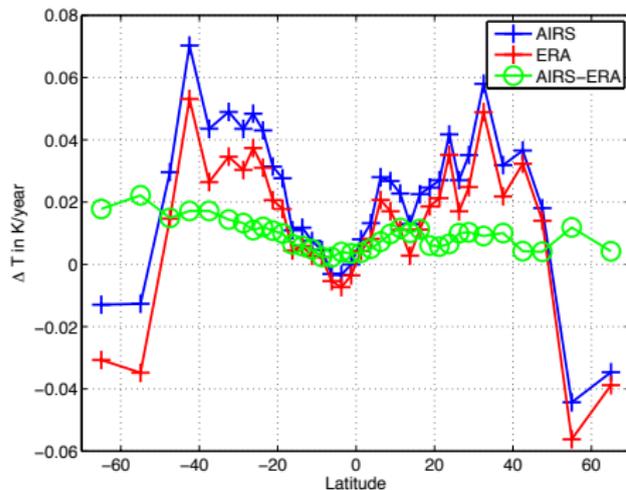
## Use 4-years of AIRS/IASI SNO's

- Showing N. Hemisphere SNO Rates: +74 Deg. N.
- Strat cooling, trop getting warmer
- AIRS and IASI relatively stability < 0.01K/year
- Small issues with AIRS window channels (A/B detectors)

# AIRS Stability

D. Relative to ERA-Interim (T-profile).

T-profiles rates averaged from 250 mbar to the surface.

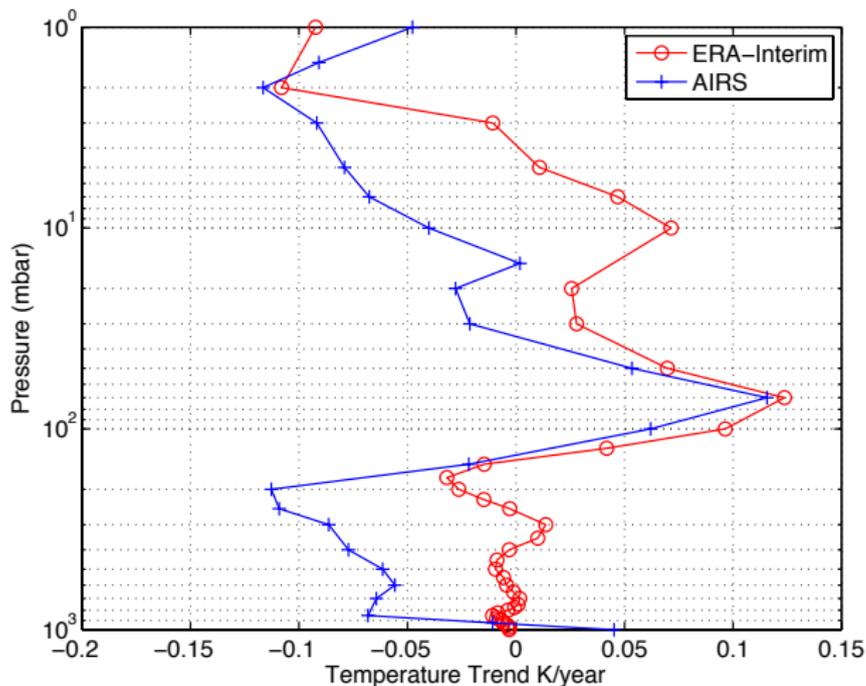


## OEM Fit (discussed earlier)

- No a priori (L1 profile smoothing)
- CO<sub>2</sub>, etc fit at same time, or removed using in-situ data
- Clear sky bias, but matched ERA to observations
- Persistent 0.01-0.02K difference

Observed minus ERA in strat is same magnitude, opposite sign.

# AIRS Level 3 Trends vs ERA-Interim Tropics

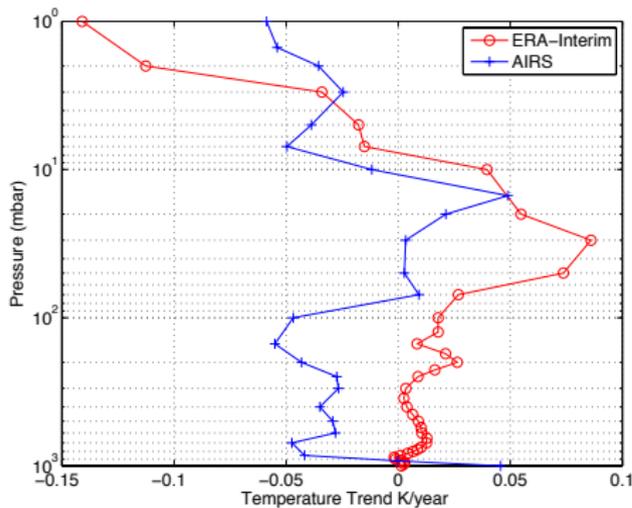


AIRS trends look incorrect in the troposphere. Ringing versus altitude?

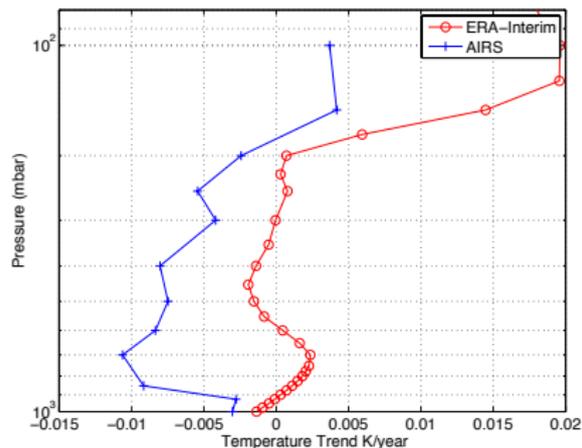
# AIRS Level 3 Trends vs ERA-Interim

Mid-latitude, Polar

## Mid-Latitude

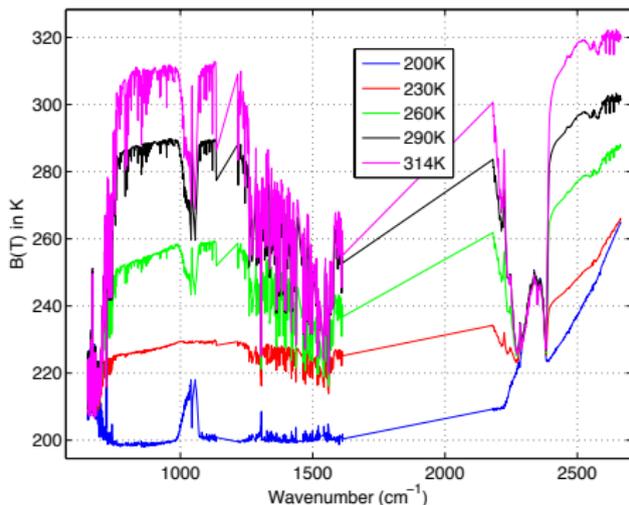


## Polar



# PDF Measurement Approach

Do not average all-sky radiances.

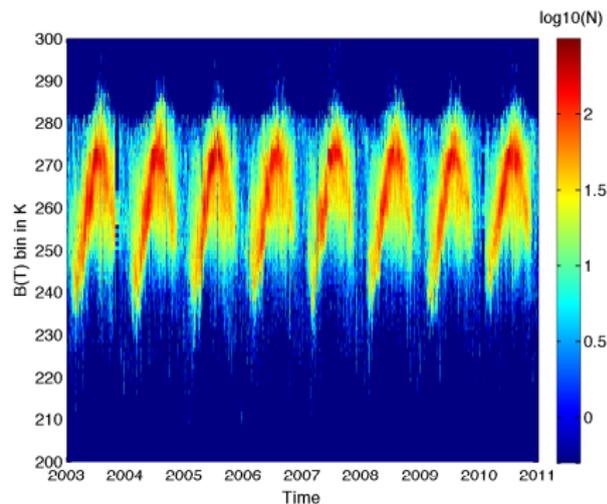
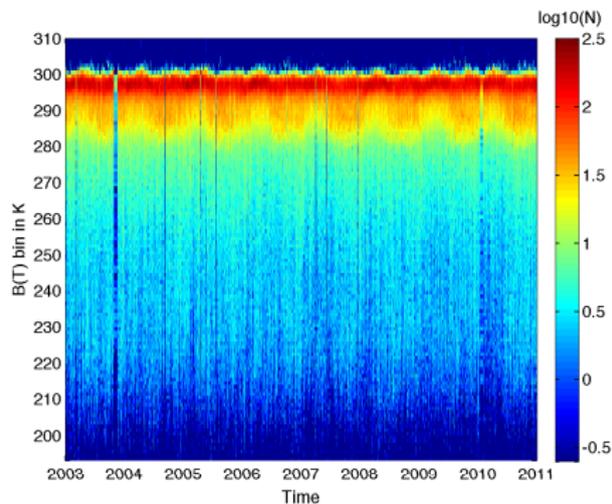


## Retain more information: PDF rates, not Radiance Rates

- Averaging clear with cloudy scenes destroys information
- Bin (create PDFs) versus variable related to cloudiness
- I used  $1231 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  channel B(T): clearest window channel
- Data Set: 8+ years of AIRS, only FOVs on each side of nadir
- Bins of B(T)  $1231 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , from 190:1:320K
- Mean BT spectra in each bin are stable versus time
- All the information is in the bin PDFs

# Tropical/Polar Ocean PDFs

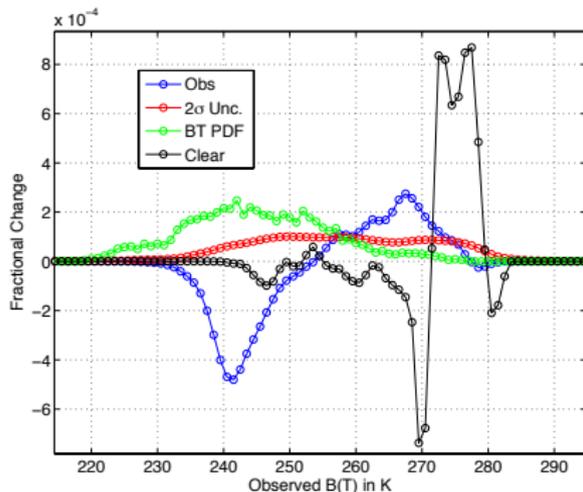
Zonal Averaging for Now



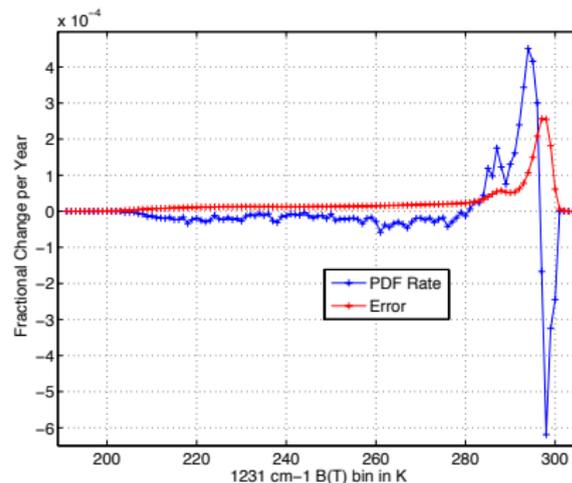
# Tropical/Polar Ocean PDFs: Changes with Time

Fit each bin versus time to get a rate.

## 60-80 Deg. North



## $\pm 10$ Deg



# Limited Comparisons to ERA-Interim

No time series comparisons yet for cloudy scenes.

## Reanalysis Products are Very Good!

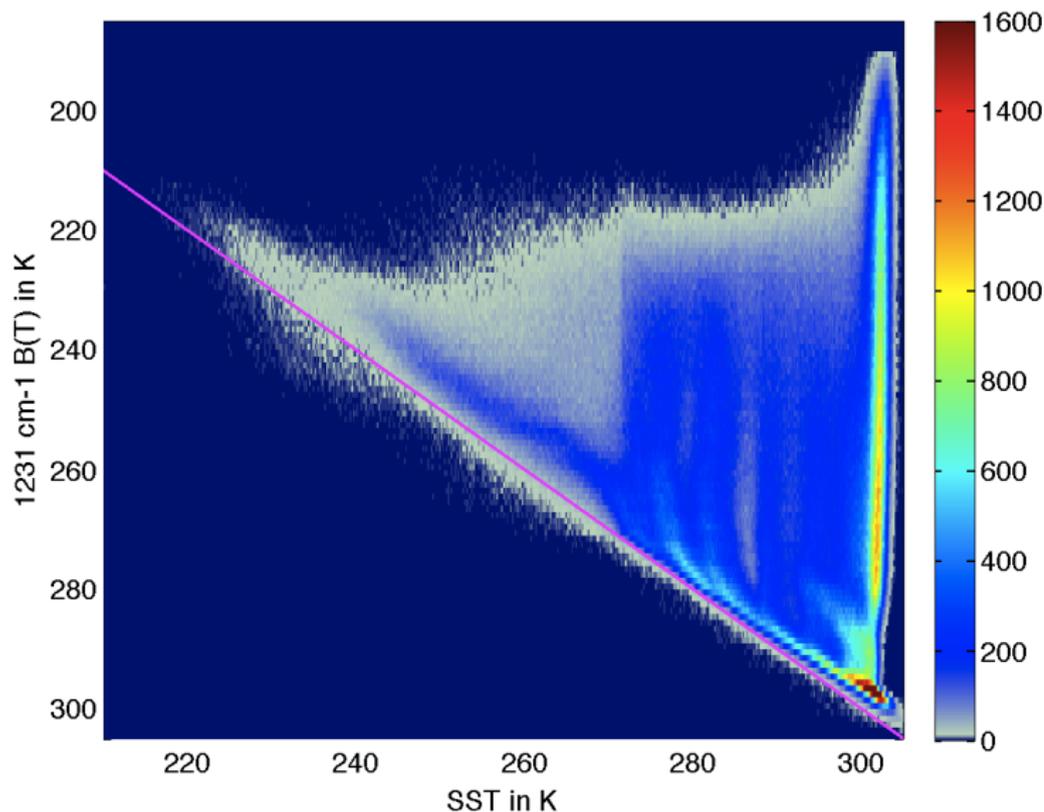
- How good? T/Q fields appear almost climate quality.
- Of course, convection not as good.
- We do RTA calculations using ERA-Interim cloud fields
- We have only started: will show results from 12 days, 1 per month

## Radiative Transfer

- Our SARTA model for clear-sky.
- Turn ERA cloud product into two cloud formations, random overlap
- Can have two water clouds or one water and one ice.
- Difficult to determine if Obs-Calc differences are (a) RTA, (b) Scheme to produce RTA compatible cloud fields, or (c) errors in reanalysis clouds.

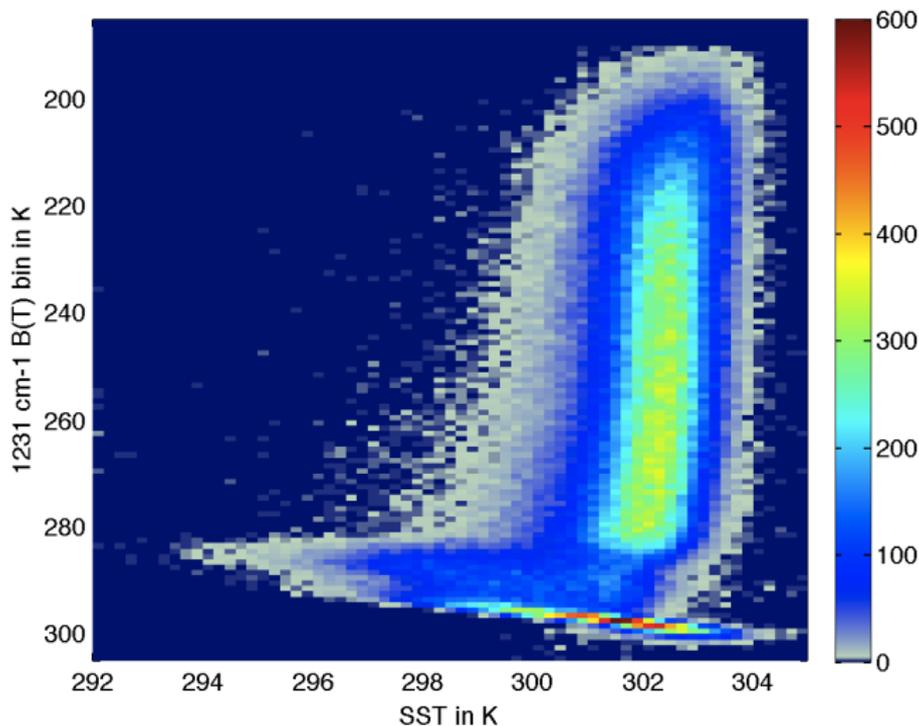
# First: $1231\text{ cm}^{-1}$ PDF's vs SST: Ocean, Day

Not quantitative, no area averaging, etc. Use ERA-Interim SST for these plots



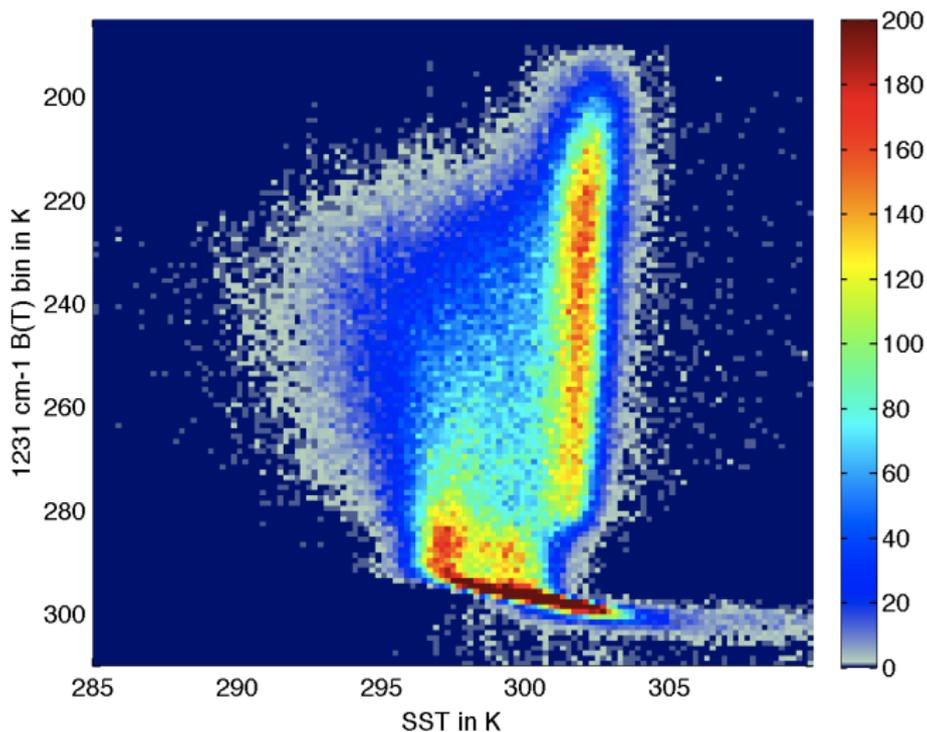
# 1231 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ PDF's vs SST

-5 Deg.Latitude, Ocean, Day



# 1231 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ PDF's vs SST: Mid-Lat

15-25 Deg. North Latitude, Ocean, Day

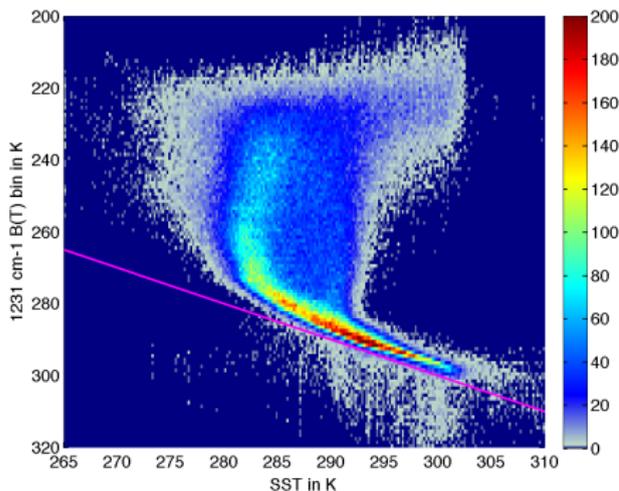


Note high probability of stratus?

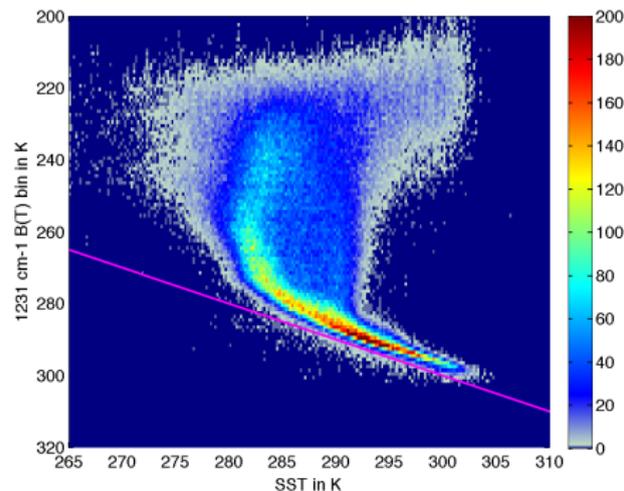
# 1231 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ PDF's vs SST:

35-55 Deg. North Latitude, Ocean, Day + Night

Day



Night

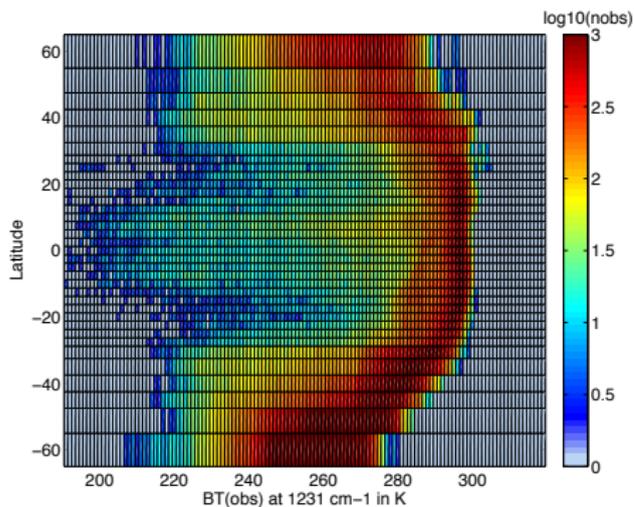


SST problems with ERA during day?

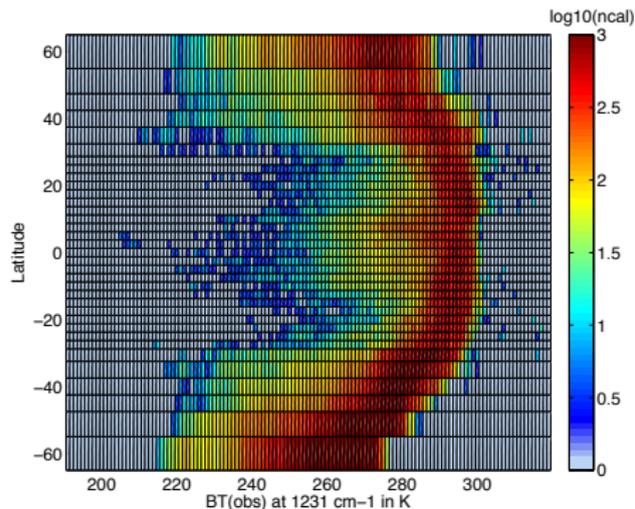
# 1231 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ AIRS vs ERA PDF's

Cloudy RTA Simulations vs Obs

## AIRS



## ERA Simulated

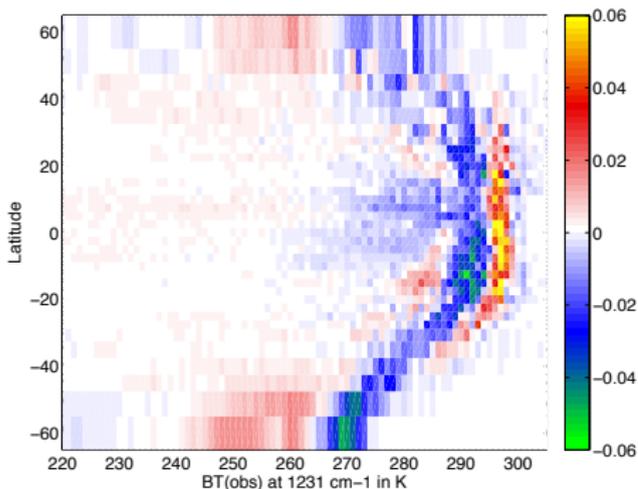


Note log10 scale for Nobs.

Main difference: Lack of deep convective clouds in ERA.

# 1231 $\text{cm}^{-1}$ AIRS minus ERA PDF's

## Cloudy RTA Simulations vs Obs



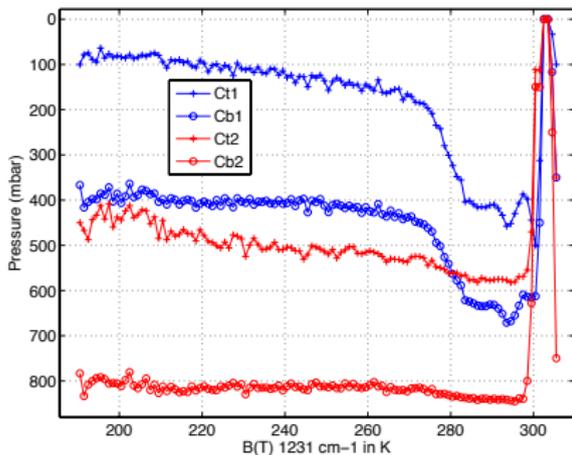
### Differences:

- RTA?
- ERA to RTA Cloud Conversion?
- ERA Cloud Model?

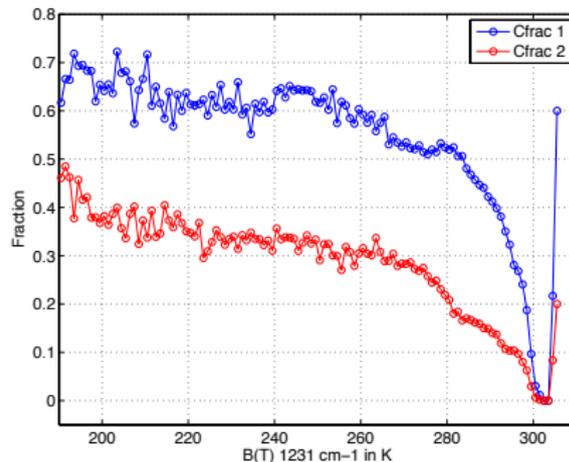
# ERA-derived Cloud Boundaries and Fractions

## Simplications to ERA Model

### Cloud Boundaries



### Cloud Fractions

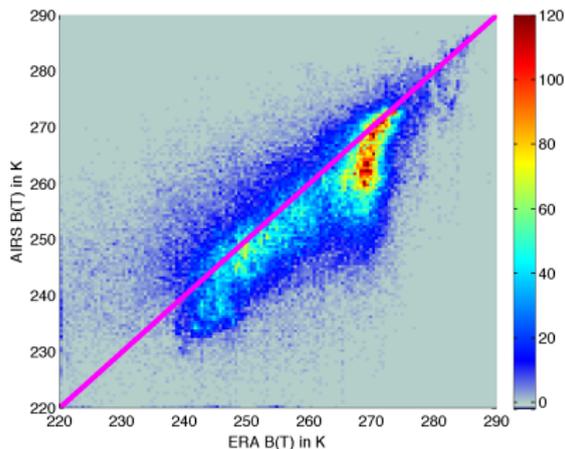


Two cloud approach appears to break down for DCCs. Unsure why cloud boundary goes all the way to zero (bug). However, ERA lacks DCC's anyway.

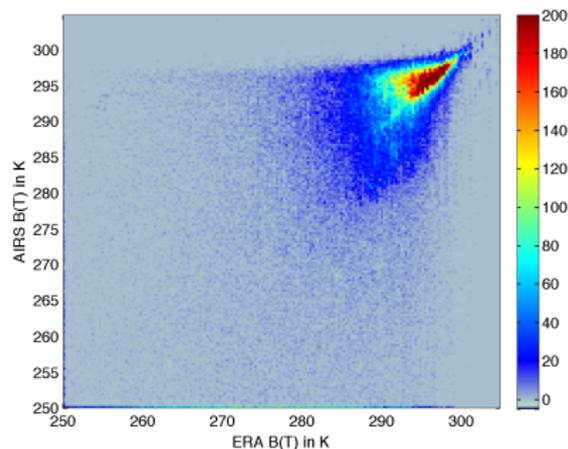
# AIRS vs ERA Scatter Diagrams

1231  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

## Polar



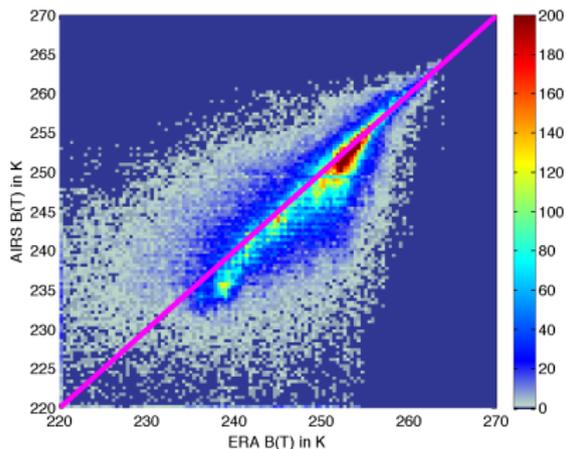
## Tropical



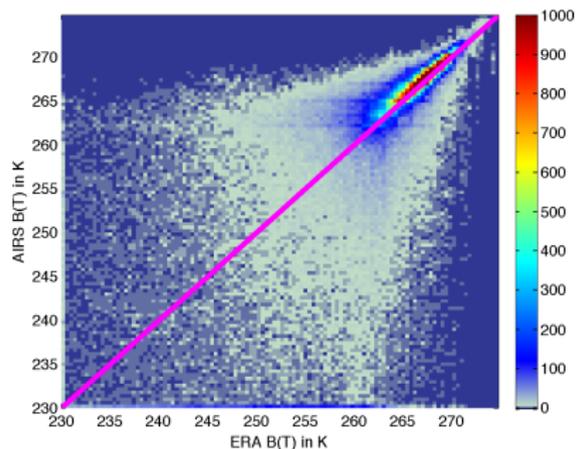
# AIRS vs ERA Scatter Diagrams

754  $\text{cm}^{-1}$

Polar



Tropical



# Summary

- Strengths and limitation of reanalyses important to understand, provide lower limit of climate model accuracies
- AIRS vs ERA agreement for temperature trends to 0.01K/year level. H<sub>2</sub>O differences larger (using BT units).
- CLARREO (and operational sounders?) can be used as independent test of reanalyses, which are heavily used by the climate community.
- Much additional information gleaned by examining PDFs.
- Beginning to demonstrate that time dependence of PDFs may be a valid approach for IR climate trending.
- Can we “connect” AIRS to IASI, CrIS? AIRS 2378+ detectors makes this tedious, but not impossible.
- Will CrIS be stable?
- We need to try the above, in order to make the case for CLARREO.